current station authorization for cancellation upon completion of the assignment. Form 1046 may be used in lieu of this letter.

- (5) For reinstatement of an expired license. See also paragraphs (b)(1) and (e) of this section.
 - (b) Form 405-A shall be used to:
- (1) Apply for license reinstatement or renewal if the reinstatement or renewal does not involve the modification of the station or system license.
- (2) Notify the Commission of a change in the licensee's name or mailing address that occurs during the license term. See §90.135(b).
- (3) Notify the Commission that the licensee has discontinued station operation and wishes to cancel the license. See § 90.157.
- (c) Form 490 shall be used whenever it is proposed that a licensee for a commercial mobile radio service in this part change, as by transfer of stock ownership, the control of a corporate licensee or for the Commission's consent to an assignment of an authorization to another person or entity.
- (d) Form 572, Temporary Permit to Operate a Part 90 Radio Station, should be properly executed if the applicant is eligible and desires to operate his or her station pending the processing of his or her formal application. See also §§ 90.159, and 90.657.
- (e) Form 574-R shall be used to apply for renewal of an existing authorization and may be used to apply for reinstatement of an expired license, if the renewal or reinstatement does not involve the modification of the station or system license. (Form 574-R is generated by the Commission and mailed to the licensee prior to the expiration of the license term.)

[59 FR 59957, Nov. 21, 1994]

§ 90.121 Canadian registration.

Form 410 shall be filed by Canadian licensees desiring to operate in the United States under the terms of Article 2 and 3 of the Convention between the United States and Canada concerning operation of Certain Radio Equipment or Stations (which entered into force May 15, 1952). This form may be obtained from the Department of Communications, Ottawa, Canada. That department should also be consulted by

U.S. licensees desiring to operate in Canada.

§ 90.123 Full disclosures.

- (a) Each application shall contain full and complete disclosures with regard to the real party or parties in interest and as to all matters required to be disclosed by the application forms.
- (b) Each application shall be clear and complete in itself without cross reference to information previously filed. An application for modification of an existing station must show in precise detail all particulars of the desired operation, including those not affected by the modification.
- (c) Each application for digital voice emission shall only be made with the understanding that the applicant is responsible to disclose current encoding information to an FCC official at any time after station authorization. Disclosure shall be only upon request of the FCC official, and only for enforcement purposes. All authorizations for digital voice systems are issued subject to this requirement.

[43 FR 54791, Nov. 22, 1978, as amended at 47 FR 15340, Apr. 9, 1982]

§ 90.125 Who may sign applications.

See part 1 of this chapter, §1.913, for practices and procedures governing signatures on license applications.

[58 FR 21407, Apr. 21, 1993]

§ 90.127 Submission and filing of applications.

- (a) All applications for private land mobile licenses that require both frequency coordination and fees as set forth at part 1, subppart G of this chapter shall first be sent to the certified coordinator for the radio service or frequency group concerned. After the appropriate coordination and attachment of the statutory fee, such applications shall be forwarded to the appropriate address in accordance with §0.401(b) of the rules. A list of the certified frequency coordinators may be obtained from the Federal Communications Commission, Gettysburg, PA 17326.
- (1) All applications for private land mobile licenses that require frequency coordination but not a fee shall be sent to the certified coordinator for the